



## LEND A HELPING HAND.

Lend a helping hand, my brother,  
To the weary ones you meet,  
There are many bowed with burdens,  
Painting in the day's fierce heat.  
Pass not by a toiling brother,  
Let him not ask for aid in vain,  
Lend a helping hand, believing  
Time will pay you back again.

Lend a helping hand, my brother,  
There are chances all the way;  
When you see a man disengaged,  
Have a helping word to say.  
Kindly words are better than comfort  
To the weary, and they make  
Many a heavy load seem lighter;  
Speak them for a brother's sake.

In the march of life my brother,  
With a kind heart and ready hand  
Make the way seem bright and pleasant  
As we journey through the land.  
Blest is the hands outstretched to help us,  
With a hopeful word and smile,  
Lend a helping hand to others,  
It is grandly worth your while.

Eben E. Berford, in *Good Tidings*.

## BLACK FOR A WEEK.

The Prank Played by Two Old-Time Wagish Actors.

"What has become of Howitt?" inquired I, as I released a hand that I had not before clasped since the winter of 1864.

"Dead. Poor Jack; dead these fifteen years. While barn-storming with a company among the mountains of Tennessee he took a severe cold; was unable to go on with the company; was left upon the cold charity of strangers, and died of quick consumption. I did not hear of his death for a long time; have never seen his resting-place, but if I ever visit that portion of Tennessee he shall have a suitable tombstone. A mad wag was Jack!"

Kruger was right—Howitt was a mad wag, and in a company that made the Ohio, Michigan and Indiana circuit in the fall and winter of 1864, he had a peer, and that other mad wag was Kruger himself. They were the life of the company, and about all there was in it, for poor houses were the rule and salary days were a long ways apart. But while these two were the fun-makers of the company, they were also its terrors, for their jokes often took a practical turn, and no one knew when one of their pranks would make him ridiculous in the eyes of the spectators. One of these will bear recital here, and it is quite possible that up in the Grand River Valley there may be one or more dignified heads of families who, when he reads this article, will drop his *Free Press* upon his knees, remove his spectacles from his nose and quietly smile, for even practical jokes are forgiven after twenty years.

But I must digress for a moment. Hoyt was his name, and his father was a prominent clergymen in the Western part of the State. Jack went to the war as a member of Loomis' Battery, but in his first engagement a Confederate saber laid open his abdomen from side to side, or, as Jack used to speak of it: "One of these scientific surgeons wanted to observe the digestive process when applied to hardtack, so he opened up a hole in my stomach big enough to put in a pane of glass."

Discharged from the service because of his wound, Hoyt came home, wrote some excellent articles upon camp life, and secured a position upon the local staff of the *Free Press*. Detailed to write theatrical notices, he became stage-struck, threw down his Faber in disgust, purchased a very meager wardrobe, joined a traveling company then playing in Toledo, and became a genuine stage Bohemian. Kruger was then the "heavy" man of that company, though he drifted into comedy not long afterwards.

When Hoyt became an actor he changed his name to Howitt, "because," said he, "they sound so near alike that there is no danger of my missing an invitation to drink, while they don't look any more alike than a New York Alderman eating terrapin and a soldier nibbling hardtack behind a stump, and that old father of mine wouldn't recognize the name even if he used a playbill as a marker in his Bible."

In the winter of 1864-5 the company found itself in Grand Rapids and practically stranded there. In vain was the "Ticket-of-Leave-Man," then a reigning sensation produced. The few spectators laughed at "Bob Brairy's" woes and refused to give "Hawshawk" a hand. The manager tried 'em with the "French Spy," "Octoroon," "Othello," "Lady of Lyons," "Fan-chon"—everything from tragedy to farce; but it seemed impossible to "catch on" to a Grand Rapids audience. At last the "Hidden Hand" was thrust out and that created quite a ripple.

"Now, then," said Bob Porter, "give 'em 'Uncle Tom's Cabin,' with me as 'Uncle Tom,' and you've got 'em!"

Porter was a prominent business man, a whole-souled princely fellow, whom everybody was happy to know, the father of two lovely daughters, the youngest of whom made the most intelligent "Eva" I have ever seen—for Porter's suggestion was carried out. Howitt was the "Rory Marks," Kruger the "Deacon Perry," and the writer went on for "St. Clair." The play was brought out with considerable elaboration for those days. In preparing the details Porter insisted upon a "Plantation Break-down," and upon having the stage covered with dark keys in the auction scene.

"But where can we get the moaks?" asked the manager, doubtfully.

"I'll attend to that," replied Porter. "This town is full of young fellows who know how to dance a step or two, and they're just aching to black up and go on."

Porter was right. "Uncle Tom's Cabin" was the dramatic medicine for which Grand Rapids was suffering. The theater was packed when the curtain was rung up, and there was quite a crowd in the general dressing room—fifteen or twenty young gentlemen who were smearing their faces with

## MERCHANT AND MELON.

A Wealthy Bostonian's Experience with a County Constable.

One of Boston's richest and most respected retired merchants owns a large country seat in the near suburbs. The other Sunday morning he rose at four o'clock and spent the morning hours in walking over his broad acres. On this particular occasion his dress was more indicative of a tramp than of a millionaire. He wanted to go to an adjoining field to pick a fresh melon for breakfast. Going out well into the middle he deliberately chose the finest one in the patch and hastened to make his way out. As he jumped over a stone wall and was about to enter the highway, some one from the rear run up like a tornado, and grasping his collar with no gentle hand, ex claimed, while shaking the old man with a vigor that made that person think of his school-days:

"Ain't yer ashamed of yerself, yer old tramp, to impose on a respectable man this way. Stealing melons, are ye? Well, you won't steal any more this week, you contemptible old vagrant. I don't want to hear any of yer gruff! I caught yer; that's enough for me." Then with another shake that made his victim's teeth chatter with fear, he made tracks for police headquarters.

On the way the old farmer recovered in a degree his self-possession and ventured to remonstrate with his stalwart companion:

"How dare you attempt such a thing?" sputtered the irate victim as he was forced over the road, regardless of mud or water. "Do you think I'll stand it? No, I won't," he shouted. "Pretty country this, if a man can't pick a melon on his own field. I say there, Mr. Jones, come here and help me!" he yelled, as he was traveling past a neighbor's house at an extraordinary rate of speed.

"Oh, shut up," panted the sturdy policeman, as he tried to force "the man" along at a faster gait. "That gag don't work in these parts."

Suddenly the "copper's" chin dropped until it seemed to touch his waist-band.

A weary, troubled sort of an oath escaped his lips. Neighbor Jones had responded with alacrity to his friend's call, and seizing a cravat, came down the driveway like a steaming engine.

"What's the matter, Samuel?

Where's yer going?" he shouted.

"Ain't goin nowhere's, if yer'll help me. Make that jackass of a constable let go my collar."

The crowbar and a word of explanation had the desired effect. As the constable turned his course toward the melon patch he muttered to himself: "The stony old cuss! it was good enough for him."

The police force is still employed to guard the fruit-laden acres, but that particular constable has retired. His health was poor, the pay small, and the experience unsatisfactory. He is now trying to keep a first-class grocery.—*Boston Globe*.

## A SILVER-SHOED HORSE.

The Way a Wealthy Woman Disposed of Part of Her Income.

A visitor to the Westinghouse stables, in the East End, sees among an array of handsome blooded horses one of peculiar beauty of color and carriage. Casual notice is quickened into close inspection when it is noticed that the horse never moves. He is dead. Though lifeless, he is, perhaps the only horse in America to-day which wears a full set of solid silver shoes. Mrs. George Westinghouse is the leader of the East End fashionable life. Her dresses are the costliest, her receptions the most brilliant and her turnout the finest in the city. Her husband is said to have settled an income of \$150,000 per year in pin-money upon her. She is a lady of artistic taste and a year ago she decided upon a team of cream-colored horses, with flowing, snowy manes. Such horses are as rare as they are beautiful, but Mrs. Westinghouse, nothing daunted, set about to procure them. Four agents were employed, and for months the country was scoured, and stables and stock farms were ransacked to find the silver-tipped horses. At last the team was turned over to their delighted mistress. They cost but \$8,000, but the expense of getting them was enormous. Mrs. Westinghouse, early in the use of her new acquisition, became concerned as to what she should do if one of them should die. The agents who secured the first pair were sent out to secure a third. They were successful, and the three beauties were soon on friendly terms. The strangest part of the story is, perhaps, that what Mrs. Westinghouse feared, the death of one of the original pair, occurred but two weeks after the third had been acquired. So much had Mrs. Westinghouse become attached to the horse that she ordered him sent to New York to a well-known taxidermist to be stuffed. There he was treated to silver shoes, and given as near as possible a look of recognition, so that when his mistress enters the stables none appears more glad to see her than he. The horse is groomed, blanketed and attended as carefully as if alive. His bed is always made, and his manger is always full of hay.—*Pittsburgh Cor. Philadelphian News*.

## Xmas and the Holidays !

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## In the Stationery Department,

Everything is complete. Syhool and Office Stationery and supplies of every description; Books for presents, in cloth and morocco. Prize books for schools, Bibles and church books for every denomination. In paper covers we have everything in the favorite authors—Dicken's, Scott, Cooper, The Dutchess, Bessant, Block, Braddon, Carlyle, Bertha M. Clay, Wilkie Collins, Gabriau, E. P. Roe, Irving, Lytton, Ouida, Thackery and others; over 1,000 different books to choose from. The greatest assortment to be found in any store in the country.

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## WALL PAPERS !

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Get your Xmas Goods while the assortment is complete. They will be sold now as low as any time in the season, and by calling early, you will have a better assortment to select from.

FOREIGN

London, Nov. 28.—The British steamer Aurora, while leaving Hartlepool for Savanah, yesterday, struck a rock in the harbor. She subsequently proceeded on her trip, but foundered within two hours. The crew left the vessel in three boats. The first boat, with nine men, landed safely; the second nine men reached the shore with only six; the three others, having been drowned; and the third boat, containing twelve persons, is missing.

A despatch from Belgrade says King Milan denies that he will abdicate. Advises from Sofia say the Servians to-day sent a second flag of truce to the Bulgarian lines proposing an armistice. The Bulgarians refuse to entertain the proposition until the conditions named yesterday were complied with. These conditions were the evacuation of the Widdin district by the Servians, and the settlement of the amount of war indemnity to be paid by Servia. The onward march of the Bulgarian forces continues.

The Austrian Government has despatched instructions to the minister at Belgrade directing him to visit Prince Alexander with a view to dissuading him from the invasion of Servia. The Russian authorities are sending regiments and medical stores to suffering Bulgarians. Servia is rapidly encroaching her reserve forces and sending them to the frontier to meet the Bulgarian forces which are advancing upon Piret. Severe fighting in the neighborhood of Tzarevod was reported to-day and the latest accounts represent the Servians retreating.

A despatch from Sofia states that the Bulgarians have retreated, that 2,000 Servians were killed at Widdin.

Bayonne, Nov. 26.—Letters from Madrid attribute the death of Alfonso to various causes. One says he died of pulmonary tubercle, another to tuberculosis of the intestines, and still another of general anæmia and failing health. It is stated that in the midst of his dissipation and extreme depression the King painted his cheeks to give him an artificial appearance of health, and he constantly persisted in disregarding the requests of his physicians that he should remain at his hunting seat, at El Pardo, declaring political reasons for his presence at the capital. Alfonso absolutely refused to allow the doctors to hold a consultation. His mother and wife were obliged to implore him to permit the doctor to attend him, and when they entered the chamber again he deprecated their visit, which he said would cause alarm in Madrid. Apodermic injections were made in order to induce sleep. The Queen and Dr. Camionni watched at the King's bedside throughout the night. Tears coursed down the cheeks of all present when the King expired. Christina, who was tearless, with a wail of anguish, cried "Alfonso, on God, he answered not!" Alfonso! Queen Isabella knelt, crying, "Holy Virgin, have mercy!" When his daughters arrived there was a scene of grief on meeting their mother. The body of the King was dressed in the uniform of a Captain General. Upon his breast are the Austrian and Spanish crosses. The King's features are thin and have a calm expression as if in sleep. Members of the royal family are continuously receiving visits of condolence. The Primate Government have made arrangements for a solemn mass to-morrow morning in the presence of the Royal family, after which the body will be borne in state to Madrid. The clergy will meet the remains at the outskirts of the city and the procession will pass through the streets lined with troops. The body will lie in state three days in the hall where the body of Queen Mercedes lay. All the noblemen have closed their houses and the shops and theatres will remain shut until after the funeral. Guns will be fired every half hour.

FEMININE JOKES.

Mrs. Dudley will lecture and can vass for a book as soon as she gets out of the asylum. She will not be obliged to ask a man in his office to subscribe more than once.

"Does your pa object to my presence?" he asked, timidly creeping near his hat as he fancied he heard a step. "No, I don't reckon he will," came the confident answer, "anyhow, you can send them along and sorta try them."

Misitus says she's sure there's been a great deal of water in the milk lately, and if—"Pat—'An' can ye wander at it, my dear? Small name to the cows this thur-er-ty weather, poor craturys!"

COD-FISHING.

How the Cod Saves Himself from Death by Taking Ballast.

That a fish should ever do anything unfishlike as to take in ballast would be many people as paradoxical. Yet those who have gone down to sea ships and are learned in fin-bearers' testify to the reality of this phenomenon. The cod is the fish which has himself open to this cruel charge, and is known to actually gulp down stones almost as large as a foot ball and more than one of them, too. Why does so a reporter learned from a certain cod-fisherman yesterday.

"Why, yes," said he, "of course codfish take an oil-bath. Why, I've found out on ten stones inside the fish's bow after we've caught him. The cod takes a stone in order to keep himself in the bottom during a gale. When you're cod-fishing you can always tell the stones to be a gain or whether a cod has just passed that way. Then you get in regular trouble. A good rule of course is to get the cod up to the surface, where he has a hard time of it. And see there's a sort of bladder which forms in his jaw and runs out sometimes as far as a foot or so. This bladder fills with air and floats the fish, and keeps him from going down. So in order to prevent that he picks out

stones on the sea bottom and swallows them. Sea elephants do the same thing, and often huge stones are found in their stomachs."

"How is the cod caught?" the reporter asked.

"They are caught on trollers. There is a long line, a runner, fishermen call it and at every fourteen or eighteen feet a short line five or six feet long is fastened. I used to have on my runners as many as three hundred hooks baited. The line would be baited on board ship, and the whole 'snood' would be coiled up into a tub tapering toward the bottom so as to give the line play. The coiling is very important, and you must take great care with it so as not to snarl the lines. For bait, dogfish, whitefish and such like in chum bigger than your hand are hooked on. The boats put off with the tub in the bow, and when we'd get to a good spot the man in the bow passes the line all baited to the stern man, who throws it overboard as fast as it is paid out. It used to go out pretty fast sometimes when the tide was running strong, and many a fellow has got his fingers ripped open on the hooks. The whole line would then be anchored, and we'd wait until back water came, which would be in five or six hours, and then haul in."

"That used to be hard work. The fish would run small and large, and we would hook on skates and dogfish and whitefish and others besides the cod. Once when we were pulling up anchor we hauled in a big stone which weighed three hundred pounds, and was full of scallops and mussels and long and round clams.

"When we got the catch back to one smack we'd dress the fish and stow them away in fine ice. We used to work day and night sometimes, and once off Cape Sable I slept only nine hours out of five days and nights. A shipload which averaged sixty pounds to the fish used to be considered a good one. Sometimes the average would run as high as one hundred pounds. The cod runs all the way from fifteen to two and three hundred pounds in weight. I once caught one which weighed over three hundred pounds." — *New Haven News.*

A BEAUTIFUL LAKE.

Description of Crater Lake, One of the Wonders of Oregon.

There can scarcely be as great a natural wonder within civilization, and at the same time so little known, close at hand, as Crater Lake. Situated twenty-two miles west of north of Fort Klamath, in Klamath County, directly on the summit of the Cascade Mountains, and about ninety miles east of Medford, it is easily accessible, there being a good mountain road to the very top of the walls surrounding it, and fine camping grounds about half a mile distant. The lake itself is about six by eight miles in diameter, and ranges from east of north to west of south. The surface of the water is six thousand three hundred feet above sea level, and is completely surrounded by cliffs or walls from one thousand to nearly three thousand feet high, which are scarcely covered with fir trees. To the southwest is a circular island, which our party named Wizard Island. It is six hundred feet high, and in the top is a circular hole, or extinct crater, four hundred and seventy-five feet in diameter, named by us the Witch's Caldron. The base of the island is covered with very heavy and hard rocks, over which scarcely a score of human feet have ever trod. Further are deep beds of ashes and cinders, giving evidence of the most intense heat in days gone by. Within the crater, as without, the surface is entirely covered with volcanic rocks, but here it forms one of the hottest places on a clear day in August that it has ever been my lot to witness. Ninety feet below the crater's rim not a breath of air can penetrate, while the sun beats down upon the rocky surface and reflects its rays from ten thousand upturned stones, forming a very furnace and heating it beyond all endurance. Nevertheless, we sat within it, at the lowest point, and partook of our Monday meal with one hand, while with the other great drops of sweat were brushed from our brows. We took with us from Portland a light canoe, which was lowered to the lake by the aid of ropes, and by means of which we were enabled to reach Wizard Island and see the surroundings from a point of observation seldom attained by visitors. We were also well paid for the trouble and expense, for the reason that, while the view from the shore is grand beyond description, that obtained from the lake is remarkable, and inspires one with a feeling of awe and awakens a sense of appreciation for the sublime unequalled.—*Portland (Ore.) Standard.*

YOUNG MEN—READ THIS.

The Voltage Belt Co., of Marshall, Mich., offer to sell their celebrated Electro-Voltage Belts and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and a kind of rheumatism. Also for consumption, neuralgia, paralysis and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

LOST!

Ticket, No. 465, given by the Ogallala Milling Co. to their Agent at Douglas Station. Notice is hereby given that payment has been stopped by the said Co. Anyone finding the same will please return to the undersigned and oblige. J. BURGESS.

1690.

L. O. L. meets on the FIRST MONDAY IN 6th St. and Rosser Av. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

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CHANGE OF TIME

On and after June 17, 1883, trains will move as follows:

Going West.	Going East.
7:30 a.m. Leave Winnipeg	Arrive 6:30 p.m.
10:30 a.m. Portage la Prairie	Arrive 7:30 p.m.
1:30 p.m. Brandon	Arrive 1:00 p.m.
9:00 p.m. Broadview	Arrive 5:00 p.m.
2:22 a.m. Reindeer	Arrive 11:05 p.m.
5:00 a.m. Moose Jaw	Arrive 8:30 p.m.
2:00 p.m. Swift Current	Arrive 12:30 p.m.
9:15 p.m. Maple Creek	Arrive 5:30 a.m.
1:55 a.m. Arrive Medicine Hat	Leave 12:30 a.m.

Going South	Going North
Leave 7:30 a.m. Winnipeg	Arrive 6:35 a.m. Emerson
10:30 a.m. Arrive 10:10 p.m.	Arrive 4:05 a.m. St. Vincent
1:30 p.m. 10:30 p.m.	Leave 3:45 a.m. 4:20 p.m.
Leave 18:30 a.m. Winnipeg	Arrive 8:00 p.m. Morris
1:45 a.m. Gretna	Arrive 4:00 p.m.
1:30 p.m. Arrive Manitoba City	Arrive 2:30 p.m.
4:30 p.m. Arrive St. Paul	Leave 2:30 a.m.
8:30 a.m. Leave Winnipeg	Arrive 4:10 p.m.
9:30 a.m. Arrive St. Paul	Arrive 3:10 p.m.
10:00 a.m. Arrive St. Paul	Leave 2:30 a.m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

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SALT RHEUM, THE STOMACH,  
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AND every species of disease arising  
from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS,  
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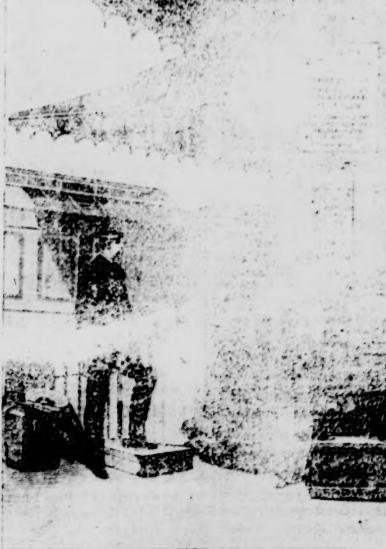
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## Brandon Weekly Mail,

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1885.

## RAILWAYS FOR BRANDON.

There are some people in this city who are opposed to additional railways, on the ground that the place is certain to prosper without them, and there is an amount of reason in the contention, but it is directed by selfish motives—by considerations that hardly stand the test when submitted to honest criticism. It is an established fact that no one locality more than another is blessed with royal birth—that no one locality should be built up or bolstered in any way at the expense of any other part of the country. If then Brandon would be certain to grow without further railways, it is simply for the reason that it has now one good outlet and inlet that many other places equally favored by nature are still deprived of. Some of the people to whom we allude argue that if the North West Central, or any other line on its proposed route, were constructed, it would give birth to other towns and villages along the line, in sections of the country, that are now wholly tributary to Brandon, and with which we readily agree, but the conclusion does not justify the contention. For a country to be, separate from its towns and villages prosperous and progressive, the most remote of its farmers ought to be within twenty miles of a railway, and nearly the whole of them within a distance that could be traversed to and fro each day. With railway facilities so ramifying the country, farming in all its departments could be conducted successfully and profitably by all the settlers, and the villages located at the best centres, and that would exert the most energy and enterprise would grow and become supply centres for their sister towns and villages in every direction. It is the latter position we could hope to see Brandon enjoy, in the race for progress in this western country.

As for our part, we would much rather see Brandon prosper through the enterprise and energy of its citizens, than through patronage thrown into its hands by the circumstances of necessity. Starting out with such a view of the situation, we see not only a desire but a necessity for the immediate construction of the several lines projected. There is a pressing want for a road North Westerly, if not on the line of the projected North West Central, at least in that direction, and from the movement prevailing among railway men, it is a moral certainty steps will be begun in the early spring to secure its construction. Mr. Beatty seems to be in earnest about it now, and he has active competitors in the field. But as much necessity as there is for such a line, in view of the circumstances there is still greater need for the immediate construction of the Brandon South Western through Plum Creek, to the Souris coal fields and thence South Westerly. It is a settled fact the settlers in the direction of such a project can get along but very poorly any longer without an outlet, and hence the frequent visits of delegations of late, to Winnipeg, to press for the extension of the Winnipeg South Western branches. That none of them can be blamed for this is quite apparent, as it is a matter of life or death with them; but Brandon should no longer remain a passive spectator to what is going on, she has rights and interests in this matter and ought to move at once, to assert them. The other day a delegation from Oakland and another from Plum Creek interviewed Mr. Egan with the idea of securing the extension of the South Western, from Treherne through this way via Souris City, and a hope was extended that such a route would be taken. If Brandon is alive to its own interests, if indeed it is anxious that its future should be any more than a small or a moderately sized town, it cannot stand idly by, and see the trade naturally its own, taken by its doors, to build up other centres. As we have already said the people in these localities cannot be blamed for bestirring themselves as their existence depends on an outlet; but Brandon ought to be an active agent towards securing what will serve all purposes, these people's with its own. The C. P. R. too ought to have a consideration for natural rather than forced interests. Brandon is the judicial centre for the entire Western part of Manitoba, and the people of this large tract north as well as south prefer coming here to going to Winnipeg or elsewhere, as they can go so at less expense, and have their purposes equally served. Then, why does the C. P. R. not promise them the Brandon South Western, and give assurances it will be completed, instead of other connections? The people have long since been assured such a road would speedily be built; the judicial relations of the interested municipalities one with another, call for it; their commercial interests demand it—then why is not some step taken towards urging the speedy construction of the Brandon South Western? As delegations are all the fashion, we would suggest the city council should send a delegation to Mr. Egan to press the importance of this project forcibly upon his attention.

## INGENIOUS, VERY.

There are a great many erratic prints of the Grit persuasion in Canada, but it is hard to tell whether it is the Winnipeg Free Press or the Globe that heads the class in Grit superiority. Sir John Macdonald has gone to England in connection with the Fishery Treaty being negotiated by Great Britain and the United States, and the Globe in its own sly way misrepresents the situation, and manufactures several reasons for his visit, but all to its own liking. It first says "he skulked out"; but as he never "skulked" from the false hoods of the Globe, or scurrious attacks of the Grit Press, but on the contrary has grown the stronger in the country the more the prints have frothed and foamed, we see but little he has to fear, at the present moment. Here, however, are a few of the Globe's causes for Sir John's trip. "On account of the unsatisfactory state of the fusion;" "because everything is in confusion and in a muddle"; "to escape the angry remonstrances of his French colleagues [over the execution of Riel]"; "to let the feeling in the country subside," "to avert luck to repair his fortunes"; "to retire from the Premiership and take the office of High Commissionership, appointing Sir Charles Tupper his successor," "because his reign is at an end." As Tory financing was never satisfactory to the Grits, there is nothing alarming in this demonstration of foresight on the part of the Globe, but it is surprising to us the finances should be in a "muddle" when the only man capable of "mixing and muddling" is Sir Richard Cartwright who has no more to do with their present standing than has the Globe writer himself. If again it is to see the High Commissionership, we fail to see what the "angry remonstrances of his colleagues" can have to do with it any way. The fact is reason and judgment have "skulked" out of the skull of the writer of the Globe and bigotry and hatred of the most virulent type have taken their place.

Sir John met Parliament in 1883, after the elections with the largest majority a government ever had in British North America, and that majority has grown larger every day, every bye election in constituencies formerly held by Grits adding one more vote to it on a division. This is the light in which the electors of Canada examine his leadership, and while such is the case, he can very naturally look disconcertedly at or the Globe indulging itself in its own amusement.

## NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The Liberal party in Canada is very courageous. It has been out of office almost uninterruptedly for twenty-five years, and it wants to get in. It held a convention last week in the plague stricken city of Montreal. It wants to get something that will "take" with the electors of Canada. It is to be hoped the people won't catch on. The Liberal party seems to want to get the small-pox and then pit themselves against the Tories."—Detroit Free Press.

The Winnipeg Free Press says: "White Cap should have been hanged and his body sent to Toronto before Halloween \* \* \* we have some sympathy with our own Indians who rebelled; but the Sioux and American Indians who have been protected and treated with more kindness than they deserve in Canada."

Happy should be our own Indians that they can thus be assured of Grit sympathy for being condemned to death as rebels; but unhappy White Cap, why were you not British born too, to share in their sympathy? What rot, as if it made any difference in the degree of an Indian rebel's crime whether he is an American Indian or a British Indian!—But White Cap may be a Tory Indian, who knows?

The persistency with which the Winnipeg organs ignore and belittle the steady progress and advancement of the city of Brandon is one of these things no fitter can understand. Are the Winnipeg people jealous of Brandon? They may have reason to be in the light of our city elevators, being the recipients of an average of 14,000 bushels of wheat per day, ever since the 1st. of November. One would imagine that a report of facts which redound to the welfare of the whole Province, would be eagerly taken up and discussed by newspapers who profess to express the public opinion of our Province?

—There is nothing that the average Winnipegger so prides himself upon as the belief that the whole es-

## VITAL QUESTIONS.

## CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians: "What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all disease of the kidneys and many organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases of aliment peculiar to women?"

As the same physicians: "What is the best reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever, ague, &c., and they will tell you:

"Mandrake! or Dandelion!!!"

Here, when all remedies are combined with our really valuable.

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed, which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

## CHAPTER II.

## "Patients

"Also dead or nearly dying."

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other diseases, as incurable, complaints, severe cases, called consumption have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!!!

From agony of neuralgia nervousness wakefulness and other disease peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape by excruciating pangs of rheumatism inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula.

Erysipelas!

Salt rheum, blood poison, dyspepsia, indigestion and in fact almost all diseases frail.

Nature is their to

It has been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known

—None genuine without a bunch of hops on the white label. Send all the vile, our stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

sence of Manitoba is found in the metropolis on the muddy Red. It is a common thing to find young men and old too, who have never been out of Winnipeg during their sojourn in this Province, speak of the resources and extent of our Province with as much wisdom and knowledge as if they had travelled over it.

To these men and to the Winnipeg newspapers we would say "go west young man, go west." If you want to see the real solid wealth and development of Manitoba, and practical evidences of its resources, and an unlimited supply of what is known as "Hard Red Fyle," come to Brandon and view its Pacific avenues on any day of the week. There you will see from 50 to 100 and some days 150 teams laden with the golden berry, and the sight will awaken in your breast the thought that Winnipeg is not Manitoba, but on the contrary, Manitoba lies considerably west of Winnipeg.

—But, Winnipeg has a Free Press, our only morning daily, in which is bound up all the wisdom and patriotism, unselfish disinterestedness of an independent (?) journal—therefore if this independent and progressive journal overlooks the fact that there are other places in Manitoba besides its dear Winnipeg, and should not record that Brandon is marketing more wheat in a day than is marketed in Winnipeg in a year, we must put it down as being peculiar, simply peculiar. Yet one would think that the circulation of daily reports from Brandon showing to the world, that notwithstanding the cry of frozen wheat there is a large and better yield of that cereal in Manitoba this year, than there has ever been before, and Brandon the recognized centre of the Province, is having a boom, would redound to the credit and benefit of the Province as a whole. But the Free Press is nothing if not in consistent, and it would sooner give space to Farmers' Union bubble than announce the real solid progress and prosperity of the Province—simply because it is "against the government."

Mrs. Frank, whose name appeared in these columns last week, in connection with that of Lockey, returned to the city on Monday, and is endeavoring to satisfy all interested the rumor was false from beginning to end, and for her sake we sincerely hope it is so. As for our part, we know nothing to establish even the shadow of guilt, beyond what Frank, her husband, told our reporter in the hearing of others. At the time he was informed there was every possibility he was mistaken in the ground for his suspicions, but he could not be persuaded that way. If the lady has been in any way wronged, she has but her husband, who appears to be an overgrown sheep, if nothing worse, to blame for it all. We are glad to learn that the general impression is the woman's motives have been misrepresented, and for her sake, we heartily wish it is so.



# Geo. Craig & Co.

# EVERY DAY!

Since we opened up  
business in this  
city it has  
Shown an Increase.

# Large Stock !

at prices away, away  
down bring and  
retain our host  
of bargain hunters.

# Geo. Craig & Co.,

# The ONE PRICE CASH HOUSE

# A Merry Christmas to All !

FROM

# CHEAPSIDE !

And a cordial invitation to call and see the special Lines and Bargains we have for the Present Season.

## IN THE DRY COODS DEPARTMENT

We have just to hand repeat orders in **Dress Goods, Velvets and Plushes, Grey Flannels, Woolen Yarns, Wool Scarfs** in Cardinal Grenate, Sky white and black, **Mantle cloths in Jersey Cloth, Sealette, Beaver and Nap Clothes, with New Fur Trimmings and Ornaments to match.** A large line of **Fancy Goods and Novelties** such as Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Ties, Lac Collars, Wool Cuffs, Mitts and Gloves, Gold and Silver Tinsil, Gold Braids &c. **WHITE AND GREY BLANKETS AT BARGAINS. WHITE AND COLORED QUILTS AND COMFORTERS AT BARGAINS.** Ladies Wool Underwear, Corsets &c. In fact for the greatest variety and best values go to **CHEAPSIDE.**

## IN THE FUR GOODS DEPARTMENT

We have still a large range of **Ladies' Astrachan Mantles**—first class goods—ranging in price from \$22 up. A second lot of **Men's Coon Coats** just to hand, also **Buffalo and Dog Coats. Fur Caps in Seal, Persian, and Russian Lamb, Astrachan, Coney, Beaver &c.** 25 Goat Robes at Bargains. In this line our goods are all this seasons and are sold without trouble on their merits.

## In Ready-made Clothing & Gents' Furnishings

We have just **BOUGHT A BIG JOB LINE OF 100 MEN'S & BOY'S SUITS** and **60 OVERCOATS**, which we offer to the public at just about regular manufacturer's prices. Everyone should see them,—there is money in it. A Repeat order of 50 dozen Scarlet and Grey underwear, just to hand, which we have bought at a price that we can sell at **One Twenty-five per Suit.** Our stock of Gloves and Mits, Ties, Braces, Wool Socks, Fine Underwear, Top Shirts, in wool and drep, is second to none in the city.

## Boot & Shoe Department

We have just received a second lot of 15 cases Ovrshoes, which we offer at less than list prices. Full lines of ladies' Gents' Boy's Girls's Children's shoes of every kink always on hand. We have in stock 500 pairs Moccasins from infants up to the largest size, so that you can come to us and feel that you can get what you want.

## OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Is well filled with fresh goods for the Christmas trade and our prices will be found right in every case.

### We Have Already Taken the Lead !

And it is our intention if square dealing, careful buying for cash and small profits will do so, then there is no doubt we will. Again we ask you to come and see our goods and be convinced.

**Atkinson & Nation,**

Cheapside Block, Cor. Rosser Av. & 8th St.

## PROVINCIAL.

The board of management of the Domestic and Foreign Missionsary Society of the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada, having authorized the most Reverend the Metropolitan of Rupert's Land to send a representative to urge upon the Church of Canada the duty of contributing towards the extension of church work in the new settlements of Manitoba, His Lordship has appointed the Reverend W. Cyprian Pinkham, Archdeacon of Manitoba, to act in behalf. The archdeacon left for the last night. He will return at Christmas, as it is understood the board of missions desire that the season of Epiphany may be used for appeals in its own behalf, will spend five or six weeks organizing in his archdeaconry, and will then revisit Eastern Canada to complete his duties there.

Last night a female, known as French Ellen, was accosted on Portage avenue east by two Italians who asked her to accompany them, and on her refusing to do so, seized her and began dragging her along with them. A man named Jack Mansfield, who happened to be near the place, responded to her cries for help, and as he approached them one of the men drew a knife and the other a revolver, with which he fired a shot at Mansfield, but missed him. The girl escaped and ran into a house in the vicinity, and the two Italians also got away for the time. Police Officer A. Munro, who was on duty on Main street, heard that a shot had been fired, and began a search for the offenders. After hunting through several resorts in vain and getting as full a description of the parties as possible, he saw them on Main street and arrested them. The story that has been told was corroborated by his finding a knife on one man and a revolver on the other. They spent the night in the police station, and to day they will have justice meted out to them. It is said that the use of revolvers and knives is quite common among men of this class in the city, but that it is generally difficult to secure a conviction, as one man will not give evidence against another.

McLean Bros. are going to erect a new elevator at Virden.

Broadalbaine school house had a ten feet netting on the 17th, which proceeds netted \$25.

John Bulloch, eleven years old and who lived with his father south of Virden, was accidentally killed last week, by being thrown from a wagon.

Meetings are to be held at Virden and Elkhorn, on Saturday and Monday next, to consider the advisability of the Municipality aiding the erection of more elevators.

When the Governor-General went out to the mountains he was fortunate enough to meet with Bob Woods, who has been engaged in construction work on the C. P. R. in that region. Robert's ability and versatility and general free-and-easy manner captivated His Excellency. He took the Governor under his wing, and made things about as comfortable for him as the circumstances admitted. Yesterday Mr. Woods received a pair of massive gold above buttons from Lord Lansdowne in acknowledgement of "many social evenings" spent in the tent and by the camp-fire, together with an autograph letter embodying His Excellency's thanks.

Neepawa, Man. Nov. 25.—On Monday last a child of four years, of Archie McDonald, living six miles east of Neepawa, was left in the house alone whilst his mother went a distance of 40 or 50 rods from the house to milk the cows. She heard the cry: "Mother, let me out." When she came back to the house and opening the door she found three panes of glass broken out of the sash of the window and the child nowhere to be seen. After a thorough search of the premises, and failing to find the child she aroused the neighbors. A diligent search has been kept up, but up to the present no trace of the child has been found. The whole affair is wrapped in mystery. The general supposition is that the child crawled through the window and was carried off by some wild animal, or that Indians have stolen the child. Tomorrow the people of the town will again turn out for vigorous search.

Rev. J. C. Quinn, M. A., formerly of Bathurst, N. B., has accepted the call from Emerson Presbyterian Church. He has the reputation of being an excellent preacher, and brings to his work here the advantage of extended experience in the east. He is a man of weight both in the English and Scotch sense of the phrase.

Yesterday E. Green was fined thirty dollars and costs for selling whiskey to Alex. Preston. Preston was the prosecutor.

Birtle Observer.

One of the most desirable cargoes yet received by the new railway came in on Monday and consisted of 150 ewes and 4 thorough-bred rams. The valuable animals are for Mr. Andy of Russell. Mr. Andy already possesses a fine flock of sheep and is so satisfied with the profit and increase of his flock that he has determined to go largely into sheep raising.—Birtle Observer.

On Wednesday last as Mr. J. C. Schofield, near Minnedosa, was bringing in a load of household goods to town from his home stead, the tongue of the wagon went out of the neckyoke, fell down and caught in the ground, the shock throwing him off the load. One wheel of the wagon passed over his back, bruising him severely. Mr. Schofield was able to pick himself up, unhook the horses and walk to town, a distance of about three miles, but on arriving here was almost exhausted. He is now under the doctor's care, and his injuries are progressing favourably.

## AN OTTAWA SCANDAL.

A Case in Which a Rat Porous Grass Widow Figured.

The case of Bell v. Colby, which was supposed to be a toothsome morsel of gossip, has been settled out of court at Ottawa. Mr. Colby, of St. Paul, paying all damages and costs, and giving a letter of apology rather than allow the evidence in the case to be taken. And the New York Herald correspondent at the capital gives these particulars: Ottawa society has been deprived of the details of a first-class scandal, which was to have been ventilated at the Assize Court to-day.

by the settlement of the case out-side the court room. The suit in question was brought by R. B. Bell, member of the Civil Service, against Mr. Colby, member of Parliament, who was charged with having used plaintiff's premises for immoral purposes and having slandered plaintiff's wife. Hon. John Cartling, Postmaster-General was among the witnesses who were to have given evidence on plaintiff's behalf, as well as many others holding high political or social positions. This naturally gave additional interest to the case. A young and charming grass widow was a respondent in the suit. Some time since, although she had been separated from her husband for over a year, in order to quiet matters, Mr. Colby, who is an influential politician and prospective Minister of the Crown, persuaded the husband to return to his wife, at the same time securing him a good government position. The case was settled to-day, Colby paying all costs as well as heavy damages, the amount of which he refused to state. The affair has caused a great sensation, and it is not improbable that Lord Lansdowne may strike the names of the parties to the scandal from the lists of those who are to be admitted in the social gatherings at the Government house.

## THE THREE AMERICAS.

The commercial and industrial cry of to-day is 'development.' New enterprises are being constantly inaugurated and new markets discovered and created. The western hemisphere, North, Central and South America afford a vast and a rich territory for these efforts. From the day of the first advent of Columbus to the present time constant surprises have awaited the researches of the enterprising. Every effort discovers new fields, unfolds new wealth. A vast undeveloped territory is awaiting the enterprise of the people of the present decade.

Of late years the attention of commercial men and manufacturers has been directed to the countries south, especially to Mexico and Central America. These countries not only contain many millions of population that need supplies and manufactured articles of which our own country produces a surplus, but are exceedingly rich in natural products and mineral wealth. A most potent factor in attracting attention to these countries, and establishing relations of comity and commercial reciprocity with their inhabitants was the late World's Exposition at New Orleans. Most of these countries were there represented, and large numbers of their citizens were visitors at the Exposition. The unfortunate delays and difficulties which attended the opening and earlier days of the World's Exposition, prevented a full realization of the benefits it was expected to produce. To remedy this a new company has been organized and a new Exposition will be opened.

We have received the prospectus of the North, Central and South American Exposition which opens on November the 10th, next. The new company has been organized with a capital of \$500,000. It has purchased the building and plant of the World's Exposition and is now in possession of the same. It proposes to inaugurate even a greater and more interesting Exposition than the magnificient World's Exposition. The new company starts out under the most favorable circumstances, with the buildings and accessories in hand and in order for occupancy, and paid for, the great bulk of their work is already accomplished. Many of the prominent exhibitors at the World's Exposition have left their exhibits intact. Large numbers will return with greatly increased and far more attractive exhibits, and application for space from new exhibitors are pouring in in large numbers.

The new Exposition will benefit largely from the experience of the old. The questions of railroad fares and accommodations become easy. The work of obtaining concessions and of systematizing having already been accomplished. Deficiencies and impediments in the management of the old Exposition will be remedied. Nothing seems to stand in the way of a grand success. The public will rejoice and especially those who failed to attend the last magnificent Exposition that the opportunity for attendance is presented to them.

## CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula for a simple vegetable and mineral preparation for the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive aid for nervous debility and all neuralgic complaints, after having tested its medicinal properties, and having given it to his patients, has felt it to be of great service to those suffering from it. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in either French or English, with directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 19 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.

## TO LET.

Those first-class premises known as the Brunswick Hotel, between Rosier and Pacific Avenues on 10th St. House contains 16 rooms, ice house and coal sheds. Apply on premises, nearly opposite Imperial Bank, Brandon, Man.

## BRANDON PUMP WORKS.

100 NOW READY,  
CHEAPER & BETTER THAN EVER.

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## Frost Proof.

I CHALLENGE COMPETITION  
FOR WORKMANSHIP AND EFFECTIVE PUMPING. REMEMBER,  
WE MAKE ALL KINDS, AND DEEP WELLS A SPECIALTY. ALL ORDERS  
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

I. M. RIESBERRY,  
9th St., BRANDON.

Jan. 23—Jan. 23

## Money to Loan.

## MANITOBA

## Mortgage and Investment Co.

(LIMITED)

CAPITAL \$2,500,000.

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C. Sweeny, Esq., Manager, Bank of Montreal, Winnipeg.  
F. Eden, Esq., Land Commissioner, Man. and N. W. Railway Company.  
A. W. Rose, Esq., M.P.P.,  
R. H. Hunter, Esq., Winnipeg.  
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The Company has been formed expressly for the purpose of lending money on the security of Real Estate in Manitoba.

Advances made on the security of farm and city property, at rates of interest, etc.

HEAD OFFICES: Hargrave Block, 326, Main Street, Winnipeg.

H. R. MORTON, Manager.

DALY & COLDWELL,  
BARRISTERS, &c.,  
Agents for BRANDON.

## FIRE!!!

—THE—

## CALEDONIAN

## INSURANCE COMPANY

is prepared to insure buildings and stock against loss by fire in Brandon and vicinity.

Lewis & Kerby,  
Winnipeg,  
General Agents,  
Man.

## Burlington

## SHOAL LAKE

The undersigned now offers for sale some good lots in the

## TOWN OF BURLINGTON!

situated at the

## Narrows of Shoal Lake.

The location is one of the finest in the Northwest, and having the prospects of the early construction of the

M. & N. W. Railroad  
through the place.

It is destined to be NOT  
ONLY a good place of business, but

## A PLEASURE RESORT!

being situated at a Beautiful Clear Water Lake, nearly two miles wide by five long; its waters abounding with plenty of fine fish and good shooting. It has nice scenery around the lake, its banks being high & graveley covered with timber. Also a fine view of the Riding Mountains, a distance of 12 miles off. Although being centered in a large extent of agricultural lands which is settled with a good class of farmers, it is bound to become a large town.

For further information or a view of plans may be seen at the office of

MORPHY & STEWART,  
Minnedosa.

Or at the office of

A. H. SCOUTEN,  
Burlington,  
Shoal Lake, Man.

## FOUND!

A pocket book on Plum Creek trail. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply to

W. OGILVIE,  
Kelly House, Brandon.

—Call on—

## Perfect Fits.

IF YOU WANT A  
Cheap & Neat Fitting Suit

—Call on—

L. STOCKTON,

Next to Dr. Fleming's Drug Store.

Fashionable  
Summer  
Suits

FROM \$16 UP.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Bring along your cash and we will make prices suit you.

L. STOCKTON.  
Pioneer Tailor.

## NOTICE TO SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

I beg to inform School Trustees in Manitoba and the Northwest, that I have now completed arrangements of supplying every description or wall maps, at the following prices, guaranteed First-class:

Eastern and Western Hemispheres, one map, \$5.50  
Eastern and Western Hemisphere, separate each, \$5.50  
Europe, Asia, Africa, separate, each, \$5.50  
North America, Australia, and America, separate, each, \$5.50  
United States of America, \$5.50  
Dominion of Canada, new and enlarged, \$5.50  
Map of Manitoba, new and enlarged, \$5.50

C. Cliffe,

Mail Office, Brandon.

## NOTICE!

THE ANNUAL MEETING  
OF the Brandon Electoral Division,  
Agricultural Society No. 1.

Will be held in the City Hall, Brandon,  
MONDAY, DEC. 21st, 1885.

at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and to transact other important business.

R. T. EVANS,  
Secy-Treas.

## Notice to Creditors!

The Creditors of David Carswell, late of Brandon, County of Manitoba, in the Province of Manitoba, deceased, on the 1st day of October, 1885, and all others having claims against his Estate are hereby notified to send by post prepaid, or otherwise deliver to Daly & Coldwell, of Brandon, the Solicitors for the Executrix of the deceased on the 29th day of November, A. D. 1885, their claim in writing and demands, with date of same.

On full particulars of their respective claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any held by them, and in default thereof, and immediately after the said 29th day of November, 1885, the date of the same, to Daly & Coldwell, solicitors for said Executrix.

Dated at Brandon, this 29th day of October, A. D. 1885.

R. SPRATT,  
GEORGE J. McLAUGHLIN,  
Daly & Coldwell,  
Solicitors for said Executrix.

—THE—

## North-West Farmer

## WANTS MANITOBA

AND

## The Northwest.

to yield a greater return to the farmer.

We are doing our best to bring about this happy state of affairs, and want the help of every intelligent man in the prairie states.

The North-West Farmer is a monthly publication devoted to the interests and advancement of agricultural and pastoral life in the Northwest of Canada. It is filled each issue to running over with information, facts and practical experiences relating solely to the best methods of prairie farming in all its branches. It is for this reason invaluable to the farmers, while the business community, who are interested in the Northwest, will find it a valuable addition to their library. It is well edited and presented, and is a most interesting companion at the fireside for the "gentleman and burles."

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By sending in your subscription.

Only \$1 per year.

To everyone who subscribes before February 1st will give free a copy of the great home companion, "Health & Home," a book of 400 pages brim full of great and great practical information.

Write to the office of publication for a great premium list for this winter, or better still subscribe and receive the publication list.

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18 WEEKS.

The Illustrated SPRING THIS will be mailed, securely wrapped, to any address in Canada for three months on receipt of

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## YELLOW OIL

## CURES PILES, ETC.

## FREEHAW'S

## WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own

Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and efficient

destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.



